SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P

1.2. Intended Use of the Product
Use of the substance/mixture: Tack coat, Chip seal

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party
Company
Russell Standard / Hammaker East
285 Kappa Drive
Suite 300
Pittsburgh, PA 15238
T: (800) 323-3053
www.russellstandard.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number
Emergency Number: (800) 323-3053 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture
GHS-US classification
Skin Irrit. 2 H315
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
Skin Sens. 1 H317
Carc. 2 H351
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling
Signal Word (GHS-US): Warning
Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US):

Hazard Statements (GHS-US):
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US):
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P405 - Store locked up.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.
2.3. Other Hazards
Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. May defat skin and cause contact dermatitis. Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Although this product is not flammable, it may create flammable levels of hydrogen sulfide if stored or used improperly. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant. If stored under heat for extended periods or significantly agitated, this material might evolve or release hydrogen sulfide, a flammable gas, which can raise and widen this material’s actual flammability limits and significantly lower its auto-ignition temperature. Hydrogen sulfide is a toxic gas that can be fatal. Product may contain low levels of polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PNAs). Evidence from animal studies indicates that prolonged exposure to various PNAs can cause cancer of the lungs, skin and other organs.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)
3.5 percent of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity (Oral, Dermal, Inhalation (Dust/Mist))

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product Identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt</td>
<td>(CAS No) 8052-42-4</td>
<td>55 - 68</td>
<td>Carc. 2, H351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer</td>
<td>(CAS No) 27306-43-0</td>
<td>&lt;= 1.5</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid</td>
<td>(CAS No) Proprietary</td>
<td>0.2 - 0.5</td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2B, H320, Skin Corr. 1B, H314, Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary fatty amine derivative</td>
<td>Proprietary</td>
<td>0.2 - 0.5</td>
<td>Skin Sens. 1, H317, Aquatic Chronic 3, H412</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary emulsifier</td>
<td>Proprietary</td>
<td>0.2 - 0.5</td>
<td>Met. Corr. 1, H290, Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302, Skin Corr. 1A, H314, Eye Dam. 1, H318, Aquatic Acute 3, H402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide</td>
<td>(CAS No) 1310-73-2</td>
<td>0.15 - 0.4</td>
<td>Skin Corr. 1A, H314, Eye Dam. 1, H318</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide</td>
<td>(CAS No) 1310-58-3</td>
<td>0.15 - 0.4</td>
<td>Met. Corr. 1, H290, Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312, Skin Corr. 1A, H314, Eye Dam. 1, H318, Aquatic Acute 3, H402</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16
*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200].

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures
First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: In contact with cold form: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. In contact with molten form: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.
First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: In contact with cold form: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention. In contact with molten form: Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance.
First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/Injuries: Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Skin sensitization. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product.
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed
If burned by hot product, cool affected area immediately with cool water. Do not attempt to remove solidified material from skin. Seek medical attention immediately. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water when molten material is involved, contact of hot product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam causing explosion with massive force. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture
Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive. Contains a small amount of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a fatal and highly flammable gas with a rotten egg odor that quickly causes odor fatigue. Heating of this product and storage under elevated temperatures or over long periods of time may release higher amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is also an asphyxiant.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters
Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode.

Firefighting Instructions: In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Do not get water inside containers. Do not apply water stream directly at source of leak. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures
General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel
Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).


6.1.2. For Emergency Responders
Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up
For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Cool molten material to limit spreading. Allow liquid material to solidify before cleaning up. Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.
6.4. Reference to Other Sections
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling
Additional Hazards When Processed: Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Contains Sulfur, may release small amounts of hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a highly flammable, explosive gas under certain conditions, is a toxic gas, and may be fatal. Gas can accumulate in the headspace of closed containers, use caution when opening sealed containers. Heating the product or containers can cause thermal decomposition of the product and release hydrogen sulfide.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Protect skin and eyes from contact with molten material. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do NOT breathe vapor. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities
Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)
Tack coat, Chip seal

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters
For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>USA ACGIH</th>
<th>USA NIOSH</th>
<th>USA OSHA</th>
<th>USA IDLH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asphalt (8052-42-4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
<td>0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable fraction)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH chemical category</td>
<td>Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)</td>
<td>(Medium: urine - Time: end of shift at end of workweek - Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis (nonquantitative)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA NIOSH</td>
<td>NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>5 mg/m³ (fume)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA NIOSH</td>
<td>NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA IDLH</td>
<td>US IDLH (mg/m³)</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
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<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA NIOSH</td>
<td>NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure Controls
Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Storage and handling temperatures should be kept as low as feasible to minimize fume production. Do not enter empty storage tanks until measurements of hydrogen sulfide concentration and available oxygen have been carried out.


Materials for Protective Clothing: With molten material wear thermally protective clothing. Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.
### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical State</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Black/brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Asphalt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>9 - 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing Point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>212 °F (100 °C)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-ignition Temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition Temperature</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C</td>
<td>No data available</td>
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<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
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<tr>
<td>Specific gravity / density</td>
<td>7.5 - 9.2 lb/gal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water</td>
<td>No data available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>20 - 400 SFS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 9.2. Other Information
No additional information available.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1. Reactivity
Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

#### 10.2. Chemical Stability
Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to Avoid
Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

#### 10.5. Incompatible Materials

#### 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Acute Toxicity: Not classified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)</td>
<td>LD50 Oral Rat &gt; 5000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Dermal Rabbit &gt; 2000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Rat &gt; 94.4 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)</td>
<td>LD50 Dermal Rabbit 1350 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50 Oral Rat 333 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes skin irritation.
pH: 9 - 12

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: 9 - 12

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified
Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer.

Asphalt (8052-42-4)
IARC group 2B

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status Twelfth Report - Items under consideration.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged exposure may cause irritation. WARNING: irritating and toxic hydrogen sulfide gas may be present. Greater than 15-20ppm continuous exposure can cause mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation. 50-500 ppm can cause headache, nausea, and dizziness. Continued exposure at these levels can lead to loss of reasoning and balance, difficulty in breathing, fluid in the lungs, and possible loss of consciousness. Greater than 500ppm can cause rapid unconsciousness and death if not promptly revived.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of the conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Suspected of causing cancer.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity
Ecology - General: Not classified.

Sodium hydroxide (1310-73-2)
LC50 Fish 1 45.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1 40 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and Degradability
Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
Persistence and Degradability: Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential
Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
Bioaccumulative Potential: Not established.
Asphalt (8052-42-4)
BCF fish 1 (no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow > 6

Potassium hydroxide (1310-58-3)
Log Pow 0.65

12.4. Mobility in Soil: No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects
Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods
Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION
14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport
14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport
14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION
15.1 US Federal Regulations
Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Asphalt
 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Sodium hydroxide
 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes Immediate (acute) health hazard

Potassium hydroxide
 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene, 2-ethylhexyl 2-propenoate and 2-propenoic acid (27306-43-0)
 Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2 US State Regulations
Asphalt
 U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Sodium hydroxide
 U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Potassium hydroxide
 U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
 U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
 U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION
Revision Date : 10/29/2015
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)</th>
<th>Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)</td>
<td>Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Acute 3</td>
<td>Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 3</td>
<td>Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carc. 2</td>
<td>Carcinogenicity Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Dam. 1</td>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A</td>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2B</td>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Met. Corr. 1</td>
<td>Corrosive to metals Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1A</td>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corr. 1B</td>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2</td>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Grip Tight A; RS-2P; HFRS-2P
Safety Data Sheet
According to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Skin Sens. 1</th>
<th>Skin sensitization Category 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H290</td>
<td>May be corrosive to metals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H312</td>
<td>Harmful in contact with skin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H314</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H315</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H317</td>
<td>May cause an allergic skin reaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H318</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H320</td>
<td>Causes eye irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H351</td>
<td>Suspected of causing cancer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H402</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H412</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)